FRESH COMPLAINT: SILENCE OR FAILURE TO COMPLAIN¹

The law recognizes that stereotypes about sexual assault complainants may lead some of you to question [complaining witness's] credibility based solely on the fact that [he or she] did not complain about the alleged abuse sooner. You may or may not conclude² that [complaining witness's] testimony is untruthful based only on [his or her] silence/delayed disclosure. You may consider the silence/delayed disclosure along with all of the other evidence including [complaining witness's] explanation for his/her silence/delayed disclosure when you decide how much weight to afford to [complaining witness's] testimony.

This charge should be used when there is no Child Sexual Abuse Accommodation Syndrome testimony. <u>State v. P.H.</u>, 178 <u>N.J.</u> 378 (2004).

See State v. W.B., 205 N.J. 588, 621-22 (2011).